



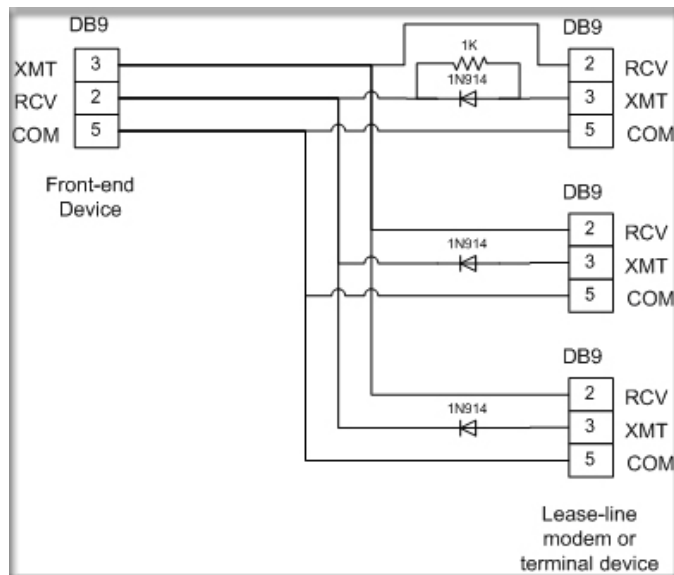
Sharing RS232 Communication Among Several Devices

By CHARLIE BROWN Diversified Automation, Buena Park, Calif.

www.DiversifiedAutomation.com

A not uncommon field challenge is to establish two-way communication from a central device to a group of slave devices. An example would be a central system connected to a group of field controllers. If these controllers are distributed via telephone lease-lines, then one will typically find a single RS232 device that needs to communicate to multiple RS232 modems. This presents a problem, because the RS232 signal was not designed to allow devices to be wired in parallel. The quiescent state of the XMT line is nominally -12v, so paralleling multiple devices will cause the inactive devices to mask communication from an active device. This occurs because the RS232 active signal must be pulled positive to a nominal 12v, but at least 3v. The brute force solution to this problem is to procure a piece of hardware that accepts one RS232 source and parallels it to four or eight RS232 ports. The disadvantage of this is (1) the cost of the additional hardware; and (2) the additional complexity it adds to the communication network.

An alternate solution is to put diodes on the slave device XMT line. However, the front-end device will need to see some of the negative voltage that is blocked by the diode. Therefore, one of the slave devices will have a resistor in parallel with the diode: this supplies the required negative voltage to the front-end device, but will not interfere with an active device's communication. In general, any slave device may be chosen to accept the diode, but one could measure with a DVM to find the device whose quiescent signal is most negative and select that one by preference. A value of 1K ohms seems to work fairly well for networks with two to four devices. It is possible that with many devices the value would need some tweaking, but I have never needed to do so.



Charlie Brown is the lead Engineer and Operations Manager of Diversified Automation (714-522-3303), a building automation system integrator. Charlie has been involved in the building controls industry for more than 30 years and has published numerous articles and technical papers on building controls. He can be reached at Charlie@diversifiedautomation.com.